FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 02:46:01 ON 09 FEB 2004

=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 02:46:16 ON 09 FEB 2004
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 Feb 2004 VOL 140 ISS 7 FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 Feb 2004 (20040208/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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1739368 CELL

<sup>=&</sup>gt; S (E3 OR E4) AND (CELL ADHESION)

<sup>72 &</sup>quot;ADAMS STEVEN P"/AU

<sup>13 &</sup>quot;ADAMS STEVEN PAUL"/AU

1550754 CELLS 2334466 CELL

(CELL OR CELLS)

231028 ADHESION 3117 ADHESIONS

231990 ADHESION

(ADHESION OR ADHESIONS)

36837 CELL ADHESION

(CELL(W)ADHESION)

10 ("ADAMS STEVEN P"/AU OR "ADAMS STEVEN PAUL"/AU) AND (CELL ADHESION) L1

=> DIS L1 1- IBIB IABS

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 10 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):Y

ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:813789 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:280734

TITLE:

3D QSAR (COMFA) of a series of potent and highly

selective VLA-4 antagonists

AUTHOR(S):

Singh, Juswinder; Van Vlijmen, Herman; Lee, Wen-Cherng; Liao, Yusheng; Lin, Ko-Chung; Ateeq, Humayun; Cuervo, Julio; Zimmerman, Craig; Hammond,

Charles; Karpusas, Michael; Palmer, Rex; Chattopadhyay, Tapan; Adams, Steven P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biogen Inc, Cambridge, MA, 02142, USA Journal of Computer-Aided Molecular Design (2002),

SOURCE:

16(3), 201-211

CODEN: JCADEQ; ISSN: 0920-654X Kluwer Academic Publishers

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: ABSTRACT:

The integrin VLA-4 ( $\alpha 4\beta 1$ ) is involved in the migration of white

blood cells to sites of inflammation, and is implicated in the pathol. of a variety of diseases including asthma and multiple sclerosis. We report the structure-activity relationships of a series of VLA-4 antagonists that were based upon the integrin-binding sequence of the connecting segment peptide of fibronectin (Leu-Asp-Val), and of VCAM-1 (Ile-Asp-Ser), both natural ligands of VLA-4. We explore variation in the ligand derived peptide portion of these antagonists and also in the novel N-terminal cap, which have discovered through chemical optimization, and which confers high affinity and selectivity. Using the x-ray derived conformation of the Ile-Asp-Ser region of VCAM-1, we rationalize the structure-activity relationships of these antagonists using 3D QSAR (COMFA). The COMFA model was found to be highly predictive with a cross-validated RCV2 of 0.7 and a PRESS of 0.49. The robustness of the model was confirmed by testing the influence of various parameters, including grid size, column filtering, as well as the role of orientation of the aligned mols. Our results suggest that the VCAM-1 structure is useful in generating highly predictive models of our VLA-4 antagonists. The COMFA model coupled with the knowledge that the peptide amides are tolerant to methylation should prove useful in future peptidomimetic design studies.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

26

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:434328 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:163322

TITLE:

Identification of Potent and Novel  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ Antagonists Using in Silico Screening

AUTHOR(S):

Singh, Juswinder; van Vlijmen, Herman; Liao, Yusheng; Lee, Wen-Cherng; Cornebise, Mark; Harris, Mary; Shu,

I-hsiang; Gill, Alan; Cuervo, Julio H.; Abraham,

William M.; Adams, Steven P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Drug Design and Evaluation, Biogen Inc.,

Cambridge, MA, 02142, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(14),

2988-2993

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

Journal English

ABSTRACT:

The antigen  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  (very late antigen-4, VLA-4) plays an important role in the migration of white blood cells to sites of inflammation. It has been implicated in the pathol. of a variety of diseases including asthma, multiple sclerosis, and rheumatoid arthritis. The authors describe a series of potent inhibitors of  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  that were discovered using computational screening for replacements of the peptide region of an existing tetrapeptide-based  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  inhibitor (4-[N¹-(2-methylphenyl)ureido]phenylacetyl-Leu-Asp-Val) (I) derived from fibronectin.

The search query was constructed using a model of I that was based upon the x-ray conformation of the related integrin-binding region of vascular \*\*\*cell\*\*\* adhesion mol.-1 (VCAM-1). The 3D search query consisted of the N-terminal cap and the carboxyl side chain of I because, upon the basis of existing structure-activity data on this series, these were known to be critical for high-affinity binding to  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ . The computational screen identified 12 reagents from a virtual library of 8624 mols. as satisfying the model and the authors synthetic filters. All of the synthesized compds. tested inhibit  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  association with VCAM-1, with the most potent compound having an IC50 of 1 nM, comparable to the starting compound Using CATALYST, a 3D QSAR was generated that rationalizes the variation in activities of these  $\alpha 4 \beta 1$  antagonists. The most potent compound was evaluated in a sheep model of asthma, and a 30 mg nebulized dose was able to inhibit early and late airway responses in allergic sheep following antigen challenge and prevented the development of nonspecific airway hyperresponsiveness to carbachol. Our results demonstrate that it is possible to rapidly identify nonpeptidic replacements of integrin peptide antagonists. This approach should be useful in identification of nonpeptidic  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  inhibitors with improved pharmacokinetic properties relative to their peptidic counterparts.

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:312019 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:325828

TITLE:

Preparation of dipeptide derivatives as cell

adhesion inhibitors

Biogen, Inc., USA

INVENTOR(S):

Adams, Steven P.; Lin, Ko-Chung; Lee,

Wen-Cherng; Castro, Alfredo C.; Zimmerman, Craig N.; Hammond, Charles E.; Liao, Yu-Sheng; Cuervo, Julio

Hernan; Singh, Juswinder

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S., 50 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,306,840.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 6376538 B1 20020423 US 1997-875321 19970919

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US 1995-376372
                                                                        19950123
     US 6306840
                           В1
                                 20011023
                                 19960801
                                                   WO 1996-US1349
                                                                        19960118
     WO 9622966
                           A1
          W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
               SG, SI
          RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE,
               IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE
                           A2
                               20011010
                                                  EP 2001-107877 19960118
     EP 1142867
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
               IE, SI
                                                   AU 2000-62432
                                                                        20001002
     AU 766538
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                                                                        20011023
     US 2003018016
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                                 20030123
                                                   US 2001-2341
     US 6630512
                           В2
                                 20031007
                                                US 1995-376372
                                                                    A2 19950123
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
                                                WO 1996-US1349
                                                                    W 19960118
                                                AU 1996-49115
                                                                    A3 19960118
                                                EP 1996-905316
                                                                    A3 19960118
                                                US 1997-875321
                                                                    A3 19970919
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OTHER SOURCE(S): GRAPHIC IMAGE:

#### ABSTRACT:

Novel dipeptide analogs I [X = CO2H, PO3H-, SO2R5, SO3H, OPO3H-, CO2R4; Y = CO, SO2, PO2; n = 0-2; R1 = optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl-fused cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, aralkoxy, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, aryloxy, arylamino, N-alkylurea-substituted alkyl, heterocyclyl; R2 = H, aryl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aralkyl; R2NCR3 = heterocyclic ring; R3 = natural, unnatural, modified, or substituted amino acid side chain; R4 = optionally substituted aryl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl, H, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, amido, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, acylaminocarbonyl, acyl; R5 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl] are prepared as compds. useful for inhibition and prevention of \*\*\*cell\*\*\* adhesion and cell adhesion-mediated pathologies. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical formulations comprising these compds. and methods of using them for inhibition and prevention of cell adhesion and cell

\*\*\*adhesion\*\*\* -mediated pathologies. The compds. and pharmaceutical compns.

of this invention can be used as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. They are particularly well-suited for treatment of many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases. Thus,  $\beta$ -amino acid-containing dipeptide II, prepared by standard methods,

displayed an IC50 of <50 nM in a cell adhesion inhibition assay.

REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:728856 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:18303

TITLE: Evidence that ligand and metal ion binding to integrin

 $\alpha 4\beta 1$  are regulated through a coupled

eguilibrium

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Ling Ling; Whitty, Adrian; Scott, Daniel; Lee,

Wen-Cherng; Cornebise, Mark; Adams, Steven P.

; Petter, Russell C.; Lobb, Roy R.; Pepinsky, R. Blake

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biogen, Inc., Cambridge, MA, 02142, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (2001), 276(39),

36520-36529

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Pieles:

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT:

We have used the highly selective  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  inhibitor 2S-[(1-benzenesulfonyl-pyrrolidine-2S-carbonyl)-amino]-4-[4-methyl-2S-(methyl-[2-[4-(3-o-tolyl-ureido)-phenyl]-acetyl]-amino)-pentanoylamino]-butyric acid (BIO7662) as a model ligand to study α4β1 integrin-ligand interactions on Jurkat cells. Binding of [35S]BIO7662 to Jurkat cells was dependent on the presence of divalent cations and could be blocked by treatment with an excess of unlabeled inhibitor or with EDTA. KD values for the binding of BIO7662 to Mn2+-activated  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  and to the nonactivated state of the integrin that exists in 1 mM Mg2+, 1 mM Ca2+ were <10 pM, indicating that it has a high affinity for both activated and nonactivated integrin. No binding was observed on  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  neg. cells. Through an anal. of the metal ion dependences of ligand binding, several unexpected findings about α4β1 function were made. First, we observed that Ca2+ binding to  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  was stimulated by the addition of BIO7662. From solution binding studies on purified  $\alpha \bar{4}\beta 1$ , two types of Ca2+-binding sites were identified, one dependent upon and the other independent of BIO7662 binding. Second, we observed that the metal ion dependence of ligand binding was affected by the affinity of the ligand for  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ . ED50 values for the metal ion dependence of the binding of BIO7662 and the binding of a lower affinity ligand, BIO1211, differed by 2-fold for Mn2+, 30-fold for Mq2+, and > 1000-fold for Ca2+. Low Ca2+ (ED50 = 5-10  $\mu$ M) stimulated the binding of BIO7662 to  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ . The effects of  $\mu M$  Ca2+ closely resembled the effects of Mn2+ on  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  function. Third, we observed that the rate of BIO7662 binding was dependent on the metal ion concentration and that the ED50 for the metal ion dependence of BI07662 binding was affected by the concentration of the BI07662. These studies point to an even more complex interplay between metal ion and ligand binding than previously appreciated and provide evidence for a three-component coupled equilibrium model for metal ion-dependent binding of ligands to  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ .

REFERENCE COUNT: 61 THERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:317616 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:126890

TITLE: Multiple activation states of integrin  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ 

detected through their different affinities for a

small molecule ligand

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Ling Ling; Whitty, Adrian; Lobb, Roy R.;

Adams, Steven P.; Pepinsky, R. Blake

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biogen, Inc., Cambridge, MA, 02142, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1999), 274(19),

13167-13175

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT:

We have used the highly specific  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  inhibitor 4-(N'-2methylphenyl)ureido)-phenylacetyl-leucine-aspartic acid-valine-proline (BIO1211) as a model LDV-containing ligand to study  $\alpha 4\beta 1$  integrin-ligand interactions on Jurkat cells under diverse conditions that affect the activation state of  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ . Observed KD values for BIO1211 binding ranged from a value of 20-40 nM in the nonactivated state of the integrin that exists in 1 mM Mq2+, 1 mm Ca2+ to 100 pM in the activated state seen in 2 mM Mn2+ to 18 pM when binding was measured after coactivation by 2 mM Mn2+ plus 10 μg/mL of the integrin-activating monoclonal antibody TS2/16. The large range in KD values was governed almost exclusively by differences in the dissociation rates of the integrin-BIO1211 complex, which ranged from 0.17 imes 10-4s-1 to >140 x 10-4 s-1. Association rate consts. varied only slightly under the same conditions, all falling in the narrow range from 0.9 to 2.7 x 106 M-1 s-1. The further increase in affinity observed upon co-activation by divalent cations and TS2/16 compared with that observed at saturating concns. of metal ions or TS2/16 alone indicates that the mechanism by which these factors bring about activation are distinct and identified a previously unrecognized high affinity state on  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ , that had not been detected by conventional assay methods. Similar changes in affinity were observed when the binding properties of vascular cell adhesion mol.-1 and CS1 to  $\alpha 4\beta 1$ were studied, indicating that the different affinity states detected with BIO1211 are an inherent property of the integrin.

REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:106085 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:176149

TITLE: Molecular model for VLA-4 inhibitors, and inhibitor

identification

INVENTOR(S): Singh, Juswinder; Zheng, Zhongli; Sprague, Peter; Van,

Vlijmen Herman W. T.; Castro, Alfredo C.; Adams,

Steven P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biogen, Inc., USA; Singh, Juswinder; Zheng, Zhongli; Sprague, Peter; Van Vlijmen, Herman W. T.; Castro,

Alfredo C.; Adams, Steven P.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 1997-US13008 19970724
    WO 9804913
                     A1 19980205
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
            DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
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            GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 9737385
                    A1 19980220
                                         AU 1997-37385
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                                                          19990125
    US 6552216
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    AU 759063
                     B2 20030403
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                                      US 1996-22890P P 19960725
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 1996-32786P P 19961206
                                      US 1997-57002P P 19970630
                                      AU 1997-37386
                                                      A3 19970724
                                      WO 1997-US13008 W 19970724
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OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 128:176149

ABSTRACT:

Pharmacophore models of VLA-4 inhibitors are disclosed, as are methods of identifying novel inhibitors and novel inhibitors identified by these methods.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 1 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:98312 CAPLUS 128:167449

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Preparation of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds as

cell adhesion inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Zheng, Zhongli; Ensinger, Carol L.; Adams, Steven

P. Biogen, Inc., USA; Zheng, Zhongli; Ensinger, Carol L.;

Adams, Steven P.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 221 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
WO	9804	247		А	1	1998	0205		W	0 19	97-U	s130	13	1997	0724		
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ΑU	9737	386		A	1	1998	0220		A	J 19	97-3	7386		1997	0724		
AU	7373	72		B	2	2001	0816										
ΕP	9174	62		A	1	1999	0526		E	P 19	97-9	3428	9	1997	0724		
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JP	2000	51659	96	T	2	2000	1212		. J	P 19	98-5	08988	В	1997	0724		
NO	9900	338		Α		1999	0325		N	19	99-3	38		1999	0125		

US 1999-237273 19990125 US 6686350 В1 20040203 AU 2001-91330 20011114 AU 759063 B2 20030403 US 1996-22890P P 19960725 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: US 1996-32786P P 19961206 AU 1997-37386 A3 19970724 WO 1997-US13013 W 19970724

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:167449

ABSTRACT:

The present invention relates to novel compds. that are useful for inhibition and prevention of **cell adhesion** and **cell** 

\*\*\*adhesion\*\*\* -mediated pathologies (no data). Claimed is a **cell**\*\*\*adhesion\*\*\* inhibitor comprising a compound AB [A comprises a VLA-4
specificity determinant which does not impart significant IIb/IIIa activity,
and B comprises an integrin scaffold]. This invention also relates to
pharmaceutical formulations comprising these compds. and methods of using them
for inhibition and prevention of **cell adhesion** and

\*\*\*cell\*\*\* adhesion-mediated pathologies. The compds. and pharmaceutical compns. of this invention can be used as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. They are particularly well-suited for treatment of many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:207658 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:199840

TITLE: Preparation of peptide derivatives as cell

adhesion inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Lin, Ko-Chung; Adams, Steven P.; Castro,

Alfredo C.; Zimmerman, Craig N.; Cuervo, Julio Hernan; Lee, Wen-Cherng; Hammond, Charles E.; Carter, Mary Beth; Almquist, Ronald G.; Ensinger, Carol Lee Biogen, Inc., USA; Lin, Ko-Chung; Adams, Steven, P.;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Biogen, Inc., USA; Lin, Ko-Chung; Adams, Steven, P.; Castro, Alfredo, C.; Zimmerman, Craig, N.; Cuervo, Julio, Hernan; Lee, Wen-Cherng; Hammond, Charles, E.;

Carter, Mary, Beth; et al. PCT Int. Appl., 117 pp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	o.	DATE			
WO	9703	094		A	1	1997	0130		W	0 19	96-U	s115	70	1996	0711		
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ΑU	9664	894		A	1	1997	0210		Αl	J 19	96-6	4894		1996	711		
ΑU	7162	76		B	2	2000	0224										
EP	8421	96		A	1	1998	0520		E	P 19	96-9	2444	4	19960	711		
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI											
CN	1193	325		Α		1998	0916		CI	1 19	96~1	9638	)	19960	711		
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19990928
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    JP 11511124
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    NZ 312950
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                      Α
    EE 3694
                      В1
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                                          EE 1997-362
                                                           19960711
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                           19980305
    FT 9800033
                      Α
                                          NO 1998-97
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    NO 9800097
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                      А
                      B1 20030430
                                          BG 1998-102241
                                                           19980210
    BG 63876
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                                                           19980810
    US 6239108
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                           20010529
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                           20030722
                                          US 2000-482296
                                                           20000113
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                                          AU 2000-36445
                                                           20000525
    AU 758886
                      В2
                                       US 1995-498237 A 19950711
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
                                                        A3 19960711
                                       AU 1996-64894
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WO 1996-US11570 W 19960711

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 126:199840

ABSTRACT:

The present invention relates to novel peptide derivs. that are useful for inhibition and prevention of cell adhesion and cell \*\*\*adhesion\*\*\* -mediated pathologies. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical formulations comprising these compds. and methods of using them for inhibition and prevention of cell adhesion and \*\*\*cell\*\*\* adhesion-mediated pathologies. The compds. and pharmaceutical composition of this invention can be used as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. They are particularly well-suited for treatment of many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases. Thus, coupling of 4-(2-MeC6H4NHCONH)C6H4CH2CO2H (preparation given) with protected peptide H-Leu-Asp(OCH2Ph)-Val-OCH2Ph (preparation given), followed by catalytic hydrogenolysis, gave cell adhesion inhibitor peptide 4-(2-MeC6H4NHCONH)C6H4CH2CO-Leu-Asp-Val-OH (I). All 408 prepared peptide derivs., including I, inhibited VLA4-dependent adhesion to a bovine serum albumin conjugate with H-Cys-Tyr-Asp-Glu-Leu-Pro-Gln-Leu-Val-Thr-Leu-Pro-His-Pro-Asn-Leu-His-Gly-Pro-Glu-Ile-Leu-Asp-Val-Pro-Ser-Thr-OH, with IC50 values of

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ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:593835 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

<1 mM.

125:248489 Preparation of dipeptide derivatives as cell

adhesion inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Adams, Steven P.; Lin, Ko-Chung; Lee,

Wen-Cherng; Castro, Alfredo C.; Zimmerman, Craig N.; Hammond, Charles E.; Liao, Yu-Sheng; Cuervo, Julio

Hernan; Singh, Juswinder Biogen, Inc., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 169 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	CENT :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE				
									_									
WO	9622	966		A	1	1996	0801		W	0 19	96-U	s134	9	1996	0118			
	w:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
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		LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	ΜX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	
		SG,	SI															
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CA	2211	181		A	A.	1996	0801		C	A 19	96-2	2111	81	1996	0118			

	9649115				AU 1996-4	9115	19960118	
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	805796	. A1	19971112		EP 1996-9	05316	19960118	
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	IE, S							
	9606778	A			BR 1996-6			
			19980325					
		T2	19981215		JP 1996-5			
EP	1142867	A2	20011010		EP 2001-1			
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	IE, S	Ι						
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ES	2183937	Т3	20030401		ES 1996-9		19960118	
CZ	291556	В6	20030416		CZ 1997-2	340	19960118	
PT	805796	T	20030430		PT 1996-9	6905316	19960118	
EE	4111	В1	20030815		EE 1997-1			
SK	283724	В6	20031202		SK 1997-9	87	19960118	
TW	500714	В	20020901		TW 1996-8	5100690	19960122	
IL	116846	A1	20021110		IL 1996-1	16846	19960122	
NO	9703384	Α	19970919		NO 1997-3	384	19970722	
FI	9703087	Α	19970922		FI 1997-3	087	19970722	
BG	63383	B1	20011231		BG 1997-1	01841	19970821	
US	6376538	B1	20020423		US 1997-8	75321	19970919	
HK	1005241	A1	20030822		HK 1998-1	04006	19980508	
AU	766538	B2	20031016		AU 2000-6		20001002	
US	2003083267	A1	20030501		US 2001-9	35461	20010822	
US	6624152	B2	20030923					
បន	2003018016	A1	20030123		US 2001-2	341	20011023	
US	6630512	В2	20031007				•	
PRIORITY	APPLN. IN	FO.:		US	1995-3763	72 A2	19950123	
				AU	1996-4911	5 A3	19960118	
				EP	1996-9053	16 A3	19960118	
				WO	1996-US13	49 W	19960118	
				US	1997-8753	21 A3	19970919	

OTHER SOURCE(S): GRAPHIC IMAGE:

MARPAT 125:248489

## ABSTRACT:

Novel dipeptide analogs I [X = CO2H, PO3H-, SO2R5, SO3H, OPO3H-, CO2R4, CONR42; Y = CO, SO2, PO2; n = 0-2; R1 = optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl-fused cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,

alkoxy, alkenyloxy, aralkoxy, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, aryloxy, arylamino, N-alkylurea-substituted alkyl, heterocyclyl; R2 = H, aryl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl-substituted alkyl; R2NCR3 = heterocyclic ring; R3 = natural, unnatural, modified, or substituted amino acid side chain; R4 = optionally substituted aryl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl-substituted alkyl, H, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, amido, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, acylaminocarbonyl, acyl; R5 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl] are prepared as compds. useful for inhibition and prevention of cell adhesion and \*\*\*cell\*\*\* adhesion-mediated pathologies. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical formulations comprising these compds. and methods of using them for inhibition and prevention of cell adhesion and cell adhesion-mediated pathologies. The compds. and pharmaceutical compns. of this invention can be used as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. They are particularly well-suited for treatment of many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases. Thus, \( \beta \)-amino acid-containing dipeptide II, prepared by standard methods, displayed an IC50 of <50 nM in a cell \*\*\*adhesion\*\*\* inhibition assay.

L1 ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:426723 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:26723

TITLE: Identification of a tetrapeptide recognition sequence

for the  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  integrin in collagen

AUTHOR(S): Staatz, William D.; Fok, Kam F.; Zutter, Mary M.;

Adams, Steven P.; Rodriguez, Barbra A.;

Santoro, Samuel A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Washington Univ., St. Louis, MO, 63110, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1991), 266(12),

7363-7 CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT:

To define the  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  integrin recognition sequence for the \alpha1(I)-CB3 fragment of type I collagen, an overlapping set of synthetic peptides was prepared which completely spans the 148-amino acid  $\alpha$ 1(I)-CB3 fragment and the peptides were tested for ability to inhibit cell to collagen and laminin substrates. The minimal active recognition sequence defined by these expts. is a tetrapeptide of the sequence Asp-Gly-Glu-Ala (DGEA) corresponding to residues 435-438 of the type I collagen sequence. The DGEA-containing peptides effectively inhibited  $\alpha 2\beta 1$ mediated Mg2+-dependent adhesion of platelets, which use the  $\alpha 2\beta 1$ integrin as a collagen-specific receptor, to collagen but had no effect on  $\alpha 5\beta 1$ -mediated platelet adhesion to fibronectin or  $\alpha 6\beta 1\text{-mediated}$  platelet adhesion to laminin. In contrast, with T47D breast adenocarcinoma cells, which use  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  as a collagen/laminin receptor, adhesion to both collagen and laminin was inhibited by DGEA-containing peptides. Deletion of the alanine residue or substitution of alanine for either the glutamic or aspartic acid residues in DGEA-containing peptides resulted in marked loss of inhibitory activity. Evidently, the amino acid sequence DGEA serves as a recognition site for the  $\alpha 2\beta 1$  integrin complex on platelets and other cells.

ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:459047 CAPLUS

127:188708 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

AUTHOR(S):

High molecular weight kininogen peptides inhibit the TITLE:

formation of kallikrein on endothelial cell surfaces and subsequent urokinase-dependent plasmin formation Lin, Yingzhang; Harris, Robert B.; Yan, Wuyi; Mccrae,

Keith R.; Zhang, Hong; Colman, Robert W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sol Sherry Thrombosis Research Center, Temple

University School of Medicine, Philadelphia, PA,

19140, USA

Blood (1997), 90(2), 690-697 SOURCE:

CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971

Saunders PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

A sequence of 31 amino acids (S565-K595) in domain 6 of the light chain of high mol. weight kiningen (HK) has previously been shown to be responsible for the binding of plasma prekallikrein (PK) or kallikrein. To find effective peptides that might block binding between HK and PK on cell surfaces, a new series of synthetic peptides has now been prepared that incorporates portions of this binding domain sequence. For mapping the minimal sequence within HK, these new peptides were tested for their ability to compete with HK for binding PK in a cell-free system and on human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC). In the former, at pH 7.4, the Kds for binding between kallikrein and either D567-K595, S565-P594, D567-S593, or D567-T591 were all similar to that for the binding of S565-K595 (0.2 to 0.4  $\mu$ mol/L), but those for the binding of D568-K595, W569-K595, and D567-P589 were an order of magnitude greater (Kd = 2 to 5µmol/L). D567-S586, the shortest chain length of the N-and C-terminal truncation sequences tested, does not effectively compete with kiningen for kallikrein binding (Kd =  $100 \, \mu mol/L$ ). These results imply that D567-T591, a 25-residue peptide (HK25c), contains sufficient structural information for binding kallikrein in solution D567-T591 also is the min. structural sequence to block binding of kallikrein to HUVEC-bound HK (IC50 = 50 nmol/L) and to inhibit PK activation to kallikrein on the cell surface (IC50 = 80 nmol/L). In addition, D567-T591 also inhibits the generation of kallikrein-activated urokinase, which activates plasminogen to plasmin (IC50 = 100 nmol/L). Thus, HK-derived peptides may be useful compds. for modulating excessive fibrinolysis and hypotension in sepsis and multiple trauma.

IΤ 191615-09-5 191615-11-9 191615-12-0 191615-13-1 191615-14-2 191615-15-3

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(kininogen peptides inhibit formation of kallikrein on endothelial cell surfaces and subsequent urokinase-dependent plasmin formation)

RN 191615-09-5 CAPLUS

CN L-Lysinamide, N-acetyl-L- $\alpha$ -aspartyl-L- $\alpha$ -aspartyl-L-tryptophyl-L-isoleucyl-L-prolyl-L- $\alpha$ -aspartyl-L-isoleucyl-L-glutaminyl-Lthreonyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-prolyl-L-asparaginylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-seryl $extsf{L-phenylalanyl-L-asparaginyl-L-prolyl-L-isoleucyl-L-seryl-L-}{lpha-}$  $aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-prolyl-L-\alpha-aspartyl-L-threonyl-L-threonyl-$ L-seryl-L-prolyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

# PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:331464 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:62450

TITLE: Physical and biological significance of peptide

sequences mediating the interaction between high

molecular weight kininogen and plasma prekallikrein
AUTHOR(S): Colman, Robert W.; Lin, Yingzhang; Yan, Wuyi; McCrae,

Keith R.; Shenoy, Shilpa S.; Harris, Robert B. Sol Sherry Thrombosis Research Center, Temple

University School of Medicine, Philadelphia, PA,

19140, USA

SOURCE: Immunopharmacology (1997), 36(2,3), 193-200

CODEN: IMMUDP; ISSN: 0162-3109

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

CORPORATE SOURCE:

HK31 (S565-K595) has previously been shown to encompass the binding domain AB for plasma prekallikrein (PK) within domain 6 of high mol. weight kininogen (HK). The complementary binding domain for HK within PK is mapped to PK56 (F56-G86), in the Apple 1 domain and to PK266 (K266-C295) in the Apple 4 domain. Isothermal titration calorimetry demonstrated that either PK peptide binds to HK31 in 1:1 stoichiometry. Binding of the alternate PK peptide into a ternary complex is facilitated nearly 2-fold. Fluorescence emission spectroscopy revealed that only the binding of PK56 caused a limited decrease in intrinsic tryptophan fluorescence emission intensity of HK31. We conclude that the two PK peptides bind to the HK peptide at different sites. To map the minimal sequence within HK31, truncated new peptides were tested for their ability to compete with HK for binding PK in a cell-free system. D567-T591, a 25-residue peptide which contains sufficient structural information for binding kallikrein in solution, blocked the binding of kallikrein to HK bound to endothelial cells and inhibited PK activation to kallikrein and the generation of kallikrein-activated urokinase on endothelial cell surfaces. HK-derived peptides could modulate excessive fibrinolysis and hypotension in sepsis and multiple trauma.

IT 191615-09-5 191615-11-9 191615-12-0 191615-13-1 191615-14-2 191615-15-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (phys. and biol. significance of peptide sequences mediating the interaction between high mol. weight kininogen and plasma prekallikrein)

RN 191615-09-5 CAPLUS

CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ANSWER 3 OF 5

1996:264078 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:52422

TITLE: On the low carrier radiofluorination of peptides and

proteins by prosthetic groups

Guhlke, Stefan AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Nuklearchem., Forschungszent. Juelich G.m.b.H.,

Juelich, D-52425, Germany

Berichte des Forschungszentrums Juelich (1995), SOURCE:

Juel-3136, 1-135

CODEN: FJBEE5; ISSN: 0366-0885

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Report LANGUAGE: German

18F-fluoroacylation and 18F-fluoroamidation were studied for no-carrier-added (n.c.a.) labeling of peptides and proteins. Following deprotection, formation of imidazolides, succinimide esters or nitrophenyl esters as reactive intermediates were investigated. A route to p-nitrophenylesters via 18F-fluorinated acid chloride was developed. activity of the 18F-labeled acylation agents towards amines with different steric hindrance and basicities was compared. Even with low reactive aniline derivative almost quant. formation of the corresponding 18F-fluorinated amides was observed The somatostatin analog octreotide was selectively 18F-fluoroacylated at the N-terminus of the cyclic octapeptide by the  $\epsilon$ -Lys-Boc protected precursor. Binding studies with the non-radioactive fluoropropionylated standard compound and rat cortex membranes revealed high affinity (pKi = 8.6) to the somatostatin receptor and almost unchanged biol. activity compared to the native octreotide. For 18F-fluoroamidation, Boc-protected amines were used as precursors in the n.c.a. nucleophilic fluorination step. 3-[18F]fluoropropylamine was optimal for 18F-fluoroamidation (radiochem. yield >90%) and reactivity towards acylation agents. Thus derivs. of biotin were labeled with radiochem. yields (>70%) by 18F-fluoroacylation as well as 18F-fluoroamidation. Both methods led to labeled compds. with full biol. activity as shown by their binding ability to the protein avidin. Avidin was labeled by the 18F-fluoroacylation method, preservation of the biol. activity was proved by affinity chromatog.

IT 178181-39-0

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study) (low carrier radiofluorination of peptides and proteins by prosthetic groups)

RN 178181-39-0 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, N-(2-fluoro-1-oxopropoxy)alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:7167 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:7167

TITLE: Conformational states of Eto-Ac-Gly-L-Glu and

Eto-Ac-L-Ala-L-Glu by NMR and theoretical calculations

AUTHOR(S): Kidric, J.; Golic, S.; Solmajer, T.; Harb, V.; Hadzi,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lek -Pharm. Chem. Works, Boris Kidric Inst. Chem.,

Ljubljana, 61115, Yuqoslavia

Bulletin of Magnetic Resonance (1989), 11(3-4), 398

SOURCE: Bulletin of Magnetic Resonance (
CODEN: BUMRDT; ISSN: 0163-559X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The conformational states of the title dipeptides were determined by NMR data

and mol. mechanics calcn.

IT 130878-88-5

RN

RL: PRP (Properties)

(conformation of) 130878-88-5 CAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid; N-(N-acetyl-N-ethoxy-L-alanyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:542381 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:142381

TITLE: Oxazole derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Kitaura, Yoshihiko; Kakaguchi, Osamu; Hemmi, Keiji;

Acatani, Matsuhiko; Takeno, Hidekazu; Okada, Satashi; Tanaka, Hirakazu; Hashimoto, Masashi; Kuroda, Yashio;

et al

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 157 pp. Division of U.S. 4,349,466.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7
PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT NO.	K	IND	DATE		APP	LICATION N	10.	DATE
US	4458078	 i	A.	19840703		US	1982-37784	11	19820513
US	4311640	2	A.	19820119		US	1979-93523	3	19791113
HU	23914	(	<b>o</b>	19821028		HU	1979-FU379	)	19791113
HU	181434	1	В	19830728					
ES	485962	1	A1	19800701		ES	1979-48596	52	19791114
AT	1388	]	E	19820815		ΑT	1979-10447	19	19791114
ES	493817	1	A1	19810716		ES	1980-49381	.7	19800729
AU	8060939	1	<b>A1</b>	19810319		ΑU	1980-60939	)	19800730
AU	544864	]	В2	19850620					
US	4322341	i	A.	19820330		US	1980-20124	1	19801027
US	4349466	i	Ą	19820914		US	1981-22907	12	19810128
ES	499470	1	A1	19820816			1981-49947	-	19810216
US	4487763	7	A	19841211			1982-40244		19820728
US	4512980	1	Ą	19850423			1982-40243		19820728
· US	4539155	1	Α.	19850903		US	1983-51559	0	19830721
US	32992	1	Ε	19890718			1984-61173	33	19840518
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							9-26705	Α	19790731
					-	_	9-35401	Α	19791011
							9-35730 <sup>.</sup>	Α	19791015
							9-36000	Α	19791017
							9-37343	Α	19791029
							9-93523	A2	19791113
							0-110020	A2	
							0-147710		19800508
							0-149441		19800513
							0-171024		19800722
							0-201241		19801027
							1-229072		19810128
							9-104479	Α	19791114
							0-10459	Α	19800328
							0-193453		19801003
					US	198	2-377841	A3	19820513

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:142381 GI

## \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Oxazoles I (R = protective group, R1 = H or protective group) and II are intermediates for the preparation of pharmacol. active peptides. The synthesis of the peptides (>100) was carried out by various classical methods. Thus, glutamyl(diaminopimelyl)-containing peptide III was prepared from IV (Boc = Me3CO2C) by coupling, hydrogenolysis, deprotection, and hydrazide cleavage reactions. The product peptides have immune response-enhancing activity, mitogenic activity, antiinfection and anticancer activities, etc. (data tabulated).

### IT 96518-35-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and deprotection-hydrazide cleavage of)

RN 96518-35-3 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(thienylacetyl)-L-alanyl-D-γ-glutamyl-N6-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]-7-[2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]hydrazino]-7-oxo-L-erythro-2,6-diaminoheptanoyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)